

TWO FLIGHTS DAILY

# Catawba County Fair, Nov. 3, 4, 5

Catawba, the Greatest Dairying County in the South

EVERYTHING FREE

Come and See the Great Display of Agricultural Products, Live Stock, Etc.

Amusements for All. Instructive and Entertaining Moving Pictures FREE.

Don't fail to see this.

Reduced Railroad Rates

WE'RE LOOKING FOR YOU!

Catawba Fair Association, Hickory, N. C.

## Save 1/3 on Every Bucket of Coal

See where you can realize an economy of \$25.00 a year in your home. Witness the intensely interesting **Demonstration** of this most modern of all Heaters at our store. (See dates given below.)



### This Free Exhibition

comes as the result of our tireless efforts to **discover** and **offer you** the newest and most advanced Heating Stove on the market—Its name stands for quality.

### The Original Cole's Hot Blast

The Greatest Heating Stove Value on the Market

See Why It Is Guaranteed

- To save 1/3 your fuel bill with soft coal.
- To keep an even steady heat day and night.
- To be the most economical hard coal heater made.
- To hold fire 36 hours without attention.
- To prevent puffing by use of our Patented Draft.

Come Early

Thursday, Oct. 21st.  
**Shuford Hardware Co.**

#### STILL INVESTIGATING

Hendersonville, Oct. 20.—Deputy State Insurance Commissioner Frank Jordan and Chief of Police Otis Powers returned from South Carolina, where they spent Monday in searching for and interviewing a negro said to have been an employee of the St. John Hotel which burned early Sunday morning. The officers continue investigations to see if there is something to show that the hotel was purposely fired but have so far found nothing to warrant an arrest.

American chemicals and pharmaceutical products are now being purchased in large quantities by a chemist of Barcelona, whose desire was made known by Consul General Carl Bailey Hurst through the Trade Opportunity page of Commercial Reports. The inquirer received a number of replies and has been appointed representative in Spain for a Philadelphia house.

Canadian butter is arriving at Cape Town for the first time in several years; fair quality is retailing at 50 to 54 cents per pound.

#### SAFETY FIRST IDEAS

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 20.—The convention of the Safety First Federation of America, which is meeting here, will consider an interesting report of the transportation committee, outlining its ideas of the policies and activities for the year. Here are some suggestions:

The near-stop for street cars, with the recommendation that the committee encourage municipal ordinances to effect same.

Designation of safety zones and cross walks for the use of pedestrians. Educating the public to cross the streets at the regular crossings, and urging the centralization of authority with the police departments for directing pedestrian travel.

The exclusiveness of siren whistles on police and fire vehicles. A standard form for reporting accidents by municipalities.

The elimination of glaring head and side lights upon motor vehicles, in populated districts. Steps on all horse-drawn vehicles and on motor trucks to be eliminated. The standardization of hand signals by traffic officers.

A nation-wide educational campaign relative to the dangers at grade crossings and trespassing on railroad property.

#### WITH THE SUFFRAGISTS

Chapel Hill, Oct. 20.—A small but active group of ladies here is working quietly but steadily and persistently to further the cause of equal suffrage in North Carolina.

The Chapel Hill branch of the league has about 25 members. Among its members are: Mrs. E. K. Graham, wife of the president of the University and one of the leaders of the movement in Chapel Hill; Mrs. Archibald Henderson, president of the North Carolina League and one of the few ladies in the South wearing a Phi Beta Kappa key; Mrs. Horace Williams, Mrs. Joseph Hyde Pratt and about 20 other equally enthusiastic advocates of the cause.

The Chicago Tribune remarks that "the theory that a number of party magicians can rub the full dinner pail and summon the fairy success is beautiful, but not reliable." In its return to republicanism the Tribune seems to be bringing with it some common-sense ideas.—New York Evening Post.

Before Henry James became a British citizen he should have inquired whether there would be any new taxes. —Pittsburgh Gazette-Times.

## FORMER MINISTER WU DISCUSSES CHINESE LIFE

(By Associated Press.)

Shanghai, Oct. 20.—Doctor Wu Ting-fang, the former Chinese minister to the United States, although he plans to live to be 150 years old, now considers himself to be out of public life, and for the next seventy-five years will just be an onlooker, regardless whether the Chinese Republic is turned back into an empire.

"The folks up at Peking are running things. They haven't asked my advice and they probably won't act on it if I gave it," said Dr. Wu, when asked for his comments on the monarchical movement.

"In my recent book on America I told what I thought about the American government, the Chinese government and governments in general. I couldn't say any more than I said in that book and I haven't changed my mind since I wrote it," the venerable diplomat continued.

Dr. Wu's book called, "America Through the Spectacles of an Oriental Diplomat," contains a chapter reviewing monarchical and republican forms of government in detail. He says: "It may be pertinently asked why China has become a republic, since from the immemorial she has been a monarchical form of government. The answer is that the conditions and circumstances in China are peculiar, and are different from those prevailing in Japan and other countries. In Japan it is claimed that the empire was founded by the first emperor, Jimmu Tenno, 660 B. C., and that the dynasty founded by him has continued ever since. It is well known that the Chinese imperial family is of Manchu origin. The Chinese dynasty was founded in 1644 by conquest, not by succession. Upon the recent overthrow of the Manchu dynasty it was found very difficult to find a Chinese, however popular and able, who possessed the legal right of succeeding to the throne. Jealousy and provincial feelings placed this suggestion absolutely beyond discussion. Disagreements, frictions, and the constant civil wars would have ensued if any attempt had been made to establish a Chinese dynasty. Another fact is that a large majority of the intelligent people of China were disgusted with the system of monarchical government. Thus it will be seen that for the sake of the peace and welfare of the nation there was no other course for the people but to take a long jump and to establish the present republic. The law of evolution has been very actively at work in China, and no doubt it will be for her ultimate good, and therefore for the benefit of all mankind. China is now an infant republic, but she will grow into a healthy and sturdy youth."

The home of Dr. Wu is a modern granite house, located in a large wall-garden, rich in palms and luxuriant tropical flowers. At the lodge gate a tall Sikh, wearing a red turban, greets visitors and bids the drivers to proceed along the gravelled road leading to the port-cochere banked with potted plants of various colors. The entrance leads into a wide hall. At one side of this is Dr. Wu's study; at the other a large drawing room furnished in beautiful blackwood pieces of Chinese design, and with white walls relieved by silk banners bearing quotations from the Chinese classics. In the center of the room is a great round table of blackwood with mottled marble top. Dr. Wu and the Associated Press correspondent sat at this drinking tea while the statesman discussed his future plans.

"I shall devote the rest of my life to literary work. I have just finished some books in Chinese on educational subjects. I am much interested in a better system of schools for my country."

"You still cling to your vegetarian principles?"

"Oh, yes, I have found the secret of health. No liquor nor tobacco for me, and no meat. One learns how to live sanely as one advances in years."

"And you plan to make Shanghai your permanent home?"

"Oh, yes, at least for the present. I am happier here than anywhere else. After my long years abroad I returned to Peking still with enthusiasm and new ideas which I desire to see put into effect in China. But I found the atmosphere of Peking too conservative. The officials there lived too much out of the world currents, and were too unwilling to consider new ideas. I chose Shanghai as my present home because it is so cosmopolitan. There are people here from all over the world and from China. It is a busy commercial center, a clearing house for modern thought. I find inspiration here and I am happy in watching China work out a government under which she will be able to develop her limitless resources."

#### In Moderation

Nan—Did Clarence make a hit with you?

Fan—Well, I'd rather call it a bunt.—Judge.

Baltimore is behind the times with a municipal hymn. Philadelphia has had one for years, beginning, "Hail! Hail! the gang's all here!"—Philadelphia Evening Ledger.

#### MERCHANT SHIPS AND WAR

New York Times Answer Column Explains Interesting Points

The "Convention Relative to the Status of Enemy Merchant Ships at the Outbreak of Hostilities" of The Hague Peace Conference of 1907, reads in part as follows:

"1. When a merchant ship belonging to the belligerent powers is at the commencement of hostilities in an enemy port it is desirable that it should be allowed to depart freely, either immediately, or after a reasonable number of days of grace, and to proceed, after being furnished with a pass, direct to its port of destination or any other port indicated. The same rule should apply in the case of a ship which has left its port of departure before the commencement of the war and entered a port belonging to the enemy while still ignorant that hostilities had broken out. 2. A merchant ship unable, owing to circumstances of force majeure, to leave the enemy port within the period contemplated in the above article, or which was not allowed to leave, cannot be confiscated. The belligerent may only detain it, without payment of compensation, but subject to the obligation of restoring it after the war, or requisition it on payment of compensation. 3. Enemy ships which left their last port of departure before the commencement of the war, and are encountered on the high seas while still ignorant of the outbreak of hostilities, cannot be confiscated. They are only liable to detention on the understanding that they shall be restored after the war without compensation, or to be requisitioned, or even destroyed, on payment of compensation, but in such case provision must be made for the safety of the persons on board, as well as the security of the ship's papers. After touching at a port in their own country or of a neutral port, these ships are subject to the laws and customs of maritime war. 4. Enemy cargo on board the vessels referred to in Articles 1 and 2 is likewise liable to be detained and restored after the termination of the war without payment of compensation, or to be requisitioned on payment of compensation, with or without the ship. The same rule applies in the case of cargo on board the vessels referred to in Article 3. 5. The present convention does not affect merchant ships whose build shows that they are intended for conversion into warships. 6. The provisions of the present convention do not apply except between contracting powers, and then only if all the belligerents are parties to the convention. 8. Non-signatory powers may adhere to the present convention."

The United States did not sign this convention. Germany and Russia signed under reservation of Article 3 and the second paragraph of Article 4. China and Nicaragua did not sign. In comment upon the refusal of the United States to sign this convention, not because it was too stringent but because it was not stringent enough, James Brown Scott, technical delegate of the United States to the Second Hague Conference and author of "The Hague Peace Conferences," says in his book:

"The convention as a whole was a compromise between those who believed in the existence of a right and those who refused to recognize the legal validity of the custom, which had grown up in recent years. As in most compromises the result is unsatisfactory. The convention cannot be called progressive, for it questions a custom which seems generally established, and its adoption would seem to sanction less liberal and enlightened practice. The United States delegation, therefore, refused to sign the convention, and its acceptance has not been recommended by the department of state."

Neither the Declaration of Paris (1856) or the Declaration of London (1909) takes up this question.

#### TWO PLAY GROUNDS

Raleigh, Oct. 20.—City council has determined to continue the children's play-ground feature for another year. One play-ground at the Centennial school was maintained successfully last year and now there is to be another play-ground equipped at the Thompson school. Parents in that ward of the city will raise the expense of the equipment and the city will provide for the instructors. The city appropriation for next year is \$2,500.

"Conscience" remarked the man on the car, "is a lonesome hound that howls at night."—Toledo Blade.

Unless the allied army at Gallipoli hurries, the British expedition in Mesopotamia will go to Constantinople first.—Portland Oregonian.

T. R. has disapproved so thoroughly that even the provocation to call some one a "college sissy" can't reach him.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

#### Impressive.

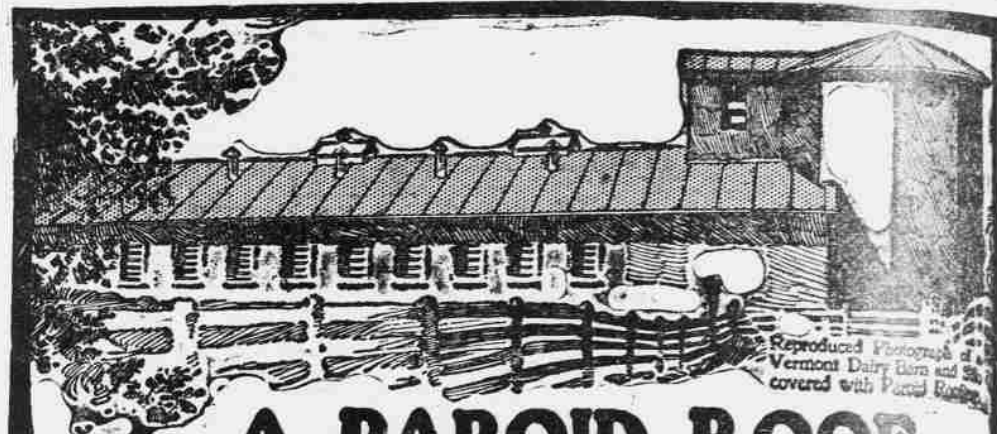
"I spike leetle Inglis," said the charming French actress, "zat I hardly know what to recite for ze American audience."

"I usually recite the multiplication table in Russian," responded the other international star. "That always sounds impressive."—Judge.

#### Keeping Up The Show

"Do you feel lonely, Miss Tingle, now your three lads 'ave left?"

"Not so bad," was the reply. "I do come over me terrible wash days, though, when I've none of their things to do. Indeed, I 'ave to borrow some of a neighbor's washing just to keep myself cheerful."—Exchange.



### A PAROID ROOF

The roofing that lasts and any one can lay. Thousands of the most progressive farmers, dairymen, poultrymen, etc., as well as railroad companies and the U. S. Government, use PAROID for roofing and siding in preference to all others, because they have proved that PAROID is

The Most Economical } Of All Ready Roofings  
The Most Durable }  
The Most Satisfactory }

THIS IS WHY: It is made of extra strong felt with an extra good saturation and coating, which makes it proof against sparks, cinders, water, heat, cold, acids, and fumes. Slate color, contains no tar, does not run or crack, and it does not stain rain-water. The only roofing with rust-proof caps. They cannot rust out like ordinary roof caps. Don't be put off with a cheap imitation, get the most economical and durable roofing that lasts.

Send for Samples. Investigate for yourself. New book of Building Plans for Poultry and Farm Buildings free if you order.

**Abernethy Hardware Co.**

## Prepare for Cold Weather?

When those cold blasts of winter show themselves, you'll feel secure if you have chosen your COLD WEATHER NEEDS ahead of time.

Our stock is now ready for your inspection and we are sure that we will please you with our great variety of timely necessities. Just cross the item that you can use, and if you want to call, mail or phone them to us—we'll see that you are supplied promptly and economically.

- Monogram Hot Water Bottles, \$1.00 to \$2.25.
- Reckitt's Gripe Pills, 25c.
- Reckitt's Cherry Bark Cough Syrup, 25c, 50c and \$1.00.
- Reckitt's Rheumatism Remedy, 50c, to \$1.00.
- Reckitt's Bronchial Tablets, 15c.
- Reckitt's Cod Liver Oil Emulsion, \$1.00.
- Reckitt's Cold Tablets, 25c.
- Reckitt's Kidney Pills, 50c.
- Reckitt's Beef, Wine and Iron, \$1.00.
- Reckitt's Slippery Elm Lozenges, 10c.
- Reckitt's Rubbing Oil, 25c and 50c.
- Reckitt's Arnica Witch Hazel, 25c.
- Reckitt's Arnica Salve, 25c.
- Reckitt's Healing Salve, 25c.
- Reckitt's Cold Cream, 10c, 25c, and 50c.
- Reckitt's Toilet Cream, 25c.
- Thermos Bottle.

and any other cold weather item you may need—we've got it and you can be sure it's the best obtainable or we wouldn't carry it in stock.

Remember, anything you buy here must satisfy, or it costs you nothing.

**Menzies Drug Company**

The **Reckitt** Store

Phone 46.

## See Those New Suits and Overcoats

We are showing this week all the new models \$12.50 to \$30.00

Stetson and Schoble Hats  
Hole Proof Hosiery  
Lion and Manhattan Shirts  
Packard Shoes  
Every pair made to wear

**Yoder-Clark Clothing Co.**

"The Men's Store"

**Clay Printing Co.**  
The Home of Good Printing